Learning Preference Inventory

Suggested Instructional Activities

Lesson Guide 2 Activity: Learning Preference Inventory

Instructional Method: Self-diagnostic tool

Procedure:

(Taken from the "Language System Diagnostic Instrument" as described in Richard Bandler and John Grinder (1982). *Reframing: Neurolinguistic programming and the transformation of meaning.* Moab, UT: Real People Press.

- Administer the following inventory exercise before presenting any theoretical background.
- There are three parts to the test to be completed within five minutes. If any participants do not complete the instrument in the allotted time, allow them to finish.
- Inform the students the exercise is designed to determine their *preferences* among the materials that they will be reading, and that they are not to focus on the *content* of the items. In order to determine their true preferences, they should select items as quickly as possible, generally going with their first response to each item.
- After completing the exercise, the participants should be told that their responses to the items on the instrument reflect whether they tend to respond to the world around them in a primarily *visual* mode, in a primarily *auditory* mode, or in a primarily *kinesthetic* mode.

Adaptations: There are a number of commercial instruments that can be adapted for this activity.

Learning Preference Inventory

The Language System Diagnostic Instrument as developed by Cresencio Torres, (1986), The language system diagnostic instrument (LSDI). In J.W. Pfeiffer & L.D. Goodstein (Eds.), *The 1986 annual: Developing human resources* (pp. 99-110). San Diego, CA: Pfeiffer & Company.

Part One

Instructions: This instrument contains three parts. Part one consists of five sets of three paragraphs each. For each set, select the one paragraph that is easiest for you to read. Do not be concerned with the actual content of the paragraph, merely with how you respond to it compared to the other paragraphs in the set. Read all three paragraphs and then make your selection, but do not deliberate too long; your first response generally is best. Indicate the letter of the paragraph that you have selected on your answer sheet by circling the appropriate letter (A, B or C) for each set.

You have five minutes in which to complete the entire instrument.

- 1. A. The tinkle of the wind chimes tells me that the breeze is still rustling outside. In the distance, I can hear the whistle of the train.
 - B. I can see the rows of flowers in the yard, their colors shining and fading in the sunlight and shadows, their petals waving in the breeze.
 - C. As I ran, I could feel the breeze on my back. My feet pounded along the path. The blood raced through my veins, and I felt very alert.
- 2. A. I like to be warm. On a cold night, I like to relax by a warm fire in a comfortable room with a cup of smooth, warm cocoa, and a fuzzy blanket.
 - B. The child talked into the toy telephone as though he were calling a friend. Listening to the quiet conversation, I could almost hear the echo of another child, long ago.
 - C. The view was magnificent. It was one of the most beautiful things I have ever seen. The panorama of the green countryside stretched out clearly below us in the bright, sparkling sun.
- 3. A. They appeared to be surprised when they noticed that there were other people on the beach. The amazement on their faces turned to eagerness as they looked to see if they knew any of the people on the sand.
 - B. I was helped up and supported until I felt my strength coming back. The tingling sensation that ran up and down my legs especially in my calves– was stronger after I stood up, and my body was extremely warm.
 - C. People will express themselves more verbally if they can talk about their interests or assets. You can hear the increased enthusiasm in their conversations, and they usually become more fluent.

- 4. A. The feedback that the speaker received was an indication that she was communicating more effectively. The people in the audience seemed to be in tune with what she was talking about.
 - B. I want to understand how people feel in their inner worlds, to accept them as they are, to create an atmosphere in which they feel free to think and feel and be anything they desire.
 - C. Children watch adults. They notice more than we realize. You can see this if you observe them at play. They mimic the behavior of the grownups they see.

- 5. A. Creative, artistic people have an eye for beauty. They see patterns and forms that other people do not notice. They respond to the colors around them, and their visual surroundings can affect their moods.
 - B. They heard the music as if for the first time. Each change of tone and tempo caught their ears. The sounds soared throughout the room, while the rhythms echoed in their heads.
 - C. Everybody was stirred by the deep emotions generated by the interaction. Some felt subdued and experienced it quietly. Others were stimulated and excited. They all felt alert to each new sensation.

Learning Preference Inventory (ct.)

Part Two

Instructions: This part consists of 10 sets of items. Each item includes three lists (sets) of words. For each item, circle the letter A, B or C of the set of words that is easiest for you to read. Do *not* focus on the *meanings* of the words. Try to work quickly.

6.	A.	Witness Look See	В.	Interview Listen Hear	C.	Sensation Touch Feel	
7.	A.	Stir Sensitive Hustle	B.	Watch Scope Pinpoint	C.	Squeal Remark Discuss	
8.	A.	Proclaim Mention Acoustic	B.	Texture Handle Tactile	C.	Exhibit Inspect Vista	
9.	A.	Scrutinize Focused Scene	B.	Articulate Hearken Tone	C.	Exhilarate Support Grip	
10.	A.	Ringing Hearsay Drumbeat	B.	Movement Heat Rushing	C.	Glitter Mirror Outlook	
11.	A.	Dream Glow Illusion	В.	Movement Quiet Silence	C.	Motion Soft Tender	
12.	A.	Upbeat Listen Record	В.	Firm Hold Concrete	C.	Bright Appear Picture	
13.	A.	Feeling Lukewarm Muscle	В.	Hindsight Purple Book	C.	Hearsay Audible Horn	
14.	A.	Show Observant Glimpse	B.	Tempo Articulate Sonar	C.	Move Powerful Reflex	
15.	A.	Purring Overhear Melody	В.	Smooth Grasp Relaxed	C.	Glowing Lookout Vision	

Learning Preference Inventory (ct.)

Part Three

Instructions: This part consists of ten sets of three short phases each. In each set, circle the letter A, B or C of the phrase that you find easiest to read. Try to complete this task in the time remaining.

16.	A. An eyeful	B. An earful	C. A handful		
17.	A. Lend me an ear	B. Give me a hand	C. Keep an eye out		
18.	A. Hand in hand	B. Eye to eye	C. Word for word		
19.	A. Get the picture	B. Hear the word	C. Come to grips with		
20.	A. The thrill of the	B. A flash of lightning	C. The roll of thunder chase		
21.	A. Outspoken	B. Underhanded	C. Short-sighted		
22.	A. I see	B. I hear you	C. I get it		
23.	A. Hang in there	B. Bird's-eye view	C. Rings true		
24.	A. Clear as a bell	B. Smooth as silk	C. Bright as day		
25.	A. Look here	B. Listen up	C. Catch this		

Learning Preference Inventory Scoring and Interpretation Sheet

Instructions: Transfer your responses from the exercise to this sheet by circling the letter that you chose for each of the numbered items.

eden of the numbered terms.							
Part One:	1.	Α	В	С			
Paragraphs	2.	В	С	Α			
	3.	С	Α	В			
	4.	Α	С	В			
	5.	В	Α	С			
Part Two:	6.	В	Α	С			
Words	7.	С	В	Α			
	8.	Α	С	В			
	9.	В	Α	С			
	10.	Α	С	В			
	11.	В	Α	С			
	12.	Α	С	В			
	13.	С	В	Α			
	14.	В	Α	С			
	15.	Α	С	В			
Part Three:	16.	В	Α	С			
Phrases	17.	Α	С	В			
	18.	С	В	Α			
	19.	В	Α	С			
	20.	С	В	Α			
	21.	Α	С	В			
	22.	В	Α	С			
	23.	С	В	Α			
	24.	Α	С	В			
	25.	В	Α	С			
Totals		I	II	III			

Instructions: Total the letters circled in each vertical column. Place these three scores from columns I, II and III in the box below. Multiply each of the column scores by 4.

Column I	x 4 =	(Actual Score)
Column II	x 4 =	(Actual Score)
Column III	x 4 =	(Actual Score)

Instructions: Chart your actual scores on the graph below by coloring in the space that represents your actual score in each of the three columns

	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
Column I Auditorv											
Column II Visual											
Column III Kinesthetic											

Your highest score indicates the primary mode that you use to interpret and communicate with the world around you. You probably use this mode (auditory, visual or kinesthetic) the most, particularly when you are problem solving or in stressful situations.

Your second-highest (middle) score indicates your secondary mode, which you likely use in everyday conversation, in combination with your primary mode.

Your lowest score indicates your tertiary mode, which you may not use as much as the other two or at all in your normal conversation. In fact, it often remains at the unconscious level.

Each individual seems to be more comfortable in using one or two of these systems. Some people believe, however, that if an individual could learn to communicate in all three modes, or systems, he or she could establish more rapport and trust with people whose primary systems differ from his or her own. Increased ability to communicate in all three systems might lead to increased effectiveness in communication.